

Texas A&M University - Corpus Christi



**Report Sections** 

#### **About This Report**

#### About Your Engagement Indicators Report

Engagement Indicators (EIs) provide a useful summary of the detailed information contained in your students' NSSE responses. By combining responses to related NSSE questions, each EI offers valuable information about a distinct aspect of student engagement. Ten indicators, based on three to eight survey questions each (a total of 47 survey questions), are organized into four broad themes as shown at right.

Theme	Engagement Indicator
Academic Challenge	Higher-Order Learning Reflective & Integrative Learning Learning Strategies Quantitative Reasoning
Learning with Peers	Collaborative Learning Discussions with Diverse Others
Experiences with Faculty	Student-Faculty Interaction Effective Teaching Practices
Campus Environment	Quality of Interactions Supportive Environment

Displays how average EI scores for your first-year and senior students compare with those of students at Overview (p. 3) your comparison group institutions. Detailed views of EI scores within the four themes for your students and those at comparison group Theme Reports (pp. 4-13) institutions. Three views offer varied insights into your EI scores: Mean Comparisons Straightforward comparisons of average scores between your students and those at comparison group institutions, with tests of significance and effect sizes (see below). Score Distributions Box-and-whisker charts show the variation in scores within your institution and comparison groups. Summary of Indicator Items Responses to each item in a given EI are summarized for your institution and comparison groups. Comparisons with High-Comparisons of your students' average scores on each EI with those of students at institutions whose Performing Institutions (p. 15) average scores were in the top 50% and top 10% of 2014 and 2015 participating institutions. Detailed Statistics (pp. 16-19) Detailed information about EI score means, distributions, and tests of statistical significance.

#### **Interpreting Comparisons**

Mean comparisons report both statistical significance and effect size. Effect size indicates the practical importance of an observed difference. For EI comparisons, NSSE research has concluded that an effect size of about .1 may be considered small, .3 medium, and .5 large (Rocconi & Gonyea, 2015). Comparisons with an effect size of at least .3 in magnitude (before rounding) are highlighted in the Overview (p. 3).

*EIs vary more among students within an institution than between institutions,* like many experiences and outcomes in higher education. As a result, focusing attention on average scores alone amounts to examining the tip of the iceberg. It's equally important to understand how student engagement varies within your institution. Score distributions indicate how EI scores vary among your students and those in your comparison groups. The Report Builder—Institution Version and your *Major Field Report* (both to be

#### **How Engagement Indicators are Computed**

Each EI is scored on a 60-point scale. To produce an indicator score, the response set for each item is converted to a 60-point scale (e.g., Never = 0; Sometimes = 20; Often = 40; Very often = 60), and the rescaled items are averaged. Thus a score of zero means a student responded at the bottom of the scale for every item in the EI, while a score of 60 indicates responses at the top of the scale on every item.

For more information on EIs and their psychometric properties, refer to the NSSE website: nsse.indiana.edu

Rocconi, L., & Gonyea, R. M. (2015). Contextualizing student engagement effect sizes: An empirical analysis. Paper presented at the Association for Institutional Research Annual Forum, Denver, CO.



**Overview** 

#### **Texas A&M University - Corpus Christi**

#### **Engagement Indicators: Overview**

Engagement Indicators are summary measures based on sets of NSSE questions examining key dimensions of student engagement. The ten indicators are organized within four broad themes: Academic Challenge, Learning with Peers, Experiences with Faculty, and Campus Environment. The tables below compare average scores for your students with those in your comparison groups.

Use the following key:

- **A** Your students' average was significantly higher (p < .05) with an effect size at least .3 in magnitude.
- $\triangle$  Your students' average was significantly higher (p < .05) with an effect size less than .3 in magnitude.
- -- No significant difference.
- $\nabla$  Your students' average was significantly lower (p < .05) with an effect size less than .3 in magnitude.
- **Vour students' average** was significantly lower (p < .05) with an effect size at least .3 in magnitude.

ents	Your first-year students compared with	Your first-year students compared with	Your first-year students compared with
Engagement Indicator	Institutional Peers	Texas Public	SE Public & Texas
Higher-Order Learning		Δ	$\mathbf{\Delta}$
Reflective & Integrative Learning			
Learning Strategies	$\mathbf{\Delta}$	Δ	
Quantitative Reasoning	Δ		Δ
Collaborative Learning			
Discussions with Diverse Others			Δ
Student-Faculty Interaction			$\nabla$
Effective Teaching Practices	Δ	Δ	
Quality of Interactions		Δ	
Supportive Environment			
	Higher-Order LearningReflective & Integrative LearningLearning StrategiesQuantitative ReasoningCollaborative LearningDiscussions with Diverse OthersStudent-Faculty InteractionEffective Teaching PracticesQuality of Interactions	Engagement Indicator       Institutional Peers         Higher-Order Learning <ul> <li>Reflective &amp; Integrative Learning</li> <li>Learning Strategies</li> <li>Quantitative Reasoning</li> <li>Collaborative Learning</li> <li>Discussions with Diverse Others</li> </ul> <ul> <li>Student-Faculty Interaction</li> <li>Effective Teaching Practices</li> <li>Quality of Interactions</li> </ul> <ul> <li>Collaborative Student Practices</li> <li>Collaborative Student Practices</li> <li>Collaborative Student Practices</li> <li>Collaborative Teaching Practices</li> </ul>	compared withEngagement IndicatorInstitutional PeersTexas PublicHigher-Order LearningAAReflective & Integrative LearningLearning StrategiesAAQuantitative ReasoningACollaborative LearningAADiscussions with Diverse OthersStudent-Faculty InteractionEffective Teaching PracticesAAQuality of InteractionsA

niors		Your seniors compared with	Your seniors compared with	Your seniors compared with
Theme	Engagement Indicator	Institutional Peers	Texas Public	SE Public & Texas
	Higher-Order Learning			
Academic	Reflective & Integrative Learning			
Challenge	Learning Strategies			
	Quantitative Reasoning			
Learning with	Collaborative Learning		Δ	
Peers	Discussions with Diverse Others	Δ		Δ
Experiences	Student-Faculty Interaction	$\nabla$	Δ	$\nabla$
with Faculty	Effective Teaching Practices			
Campus	Quality of Interactions			
Environment	Supportive Environment			



**Academic Challenge** 

**Texas A&M University - Corpus Christi** 

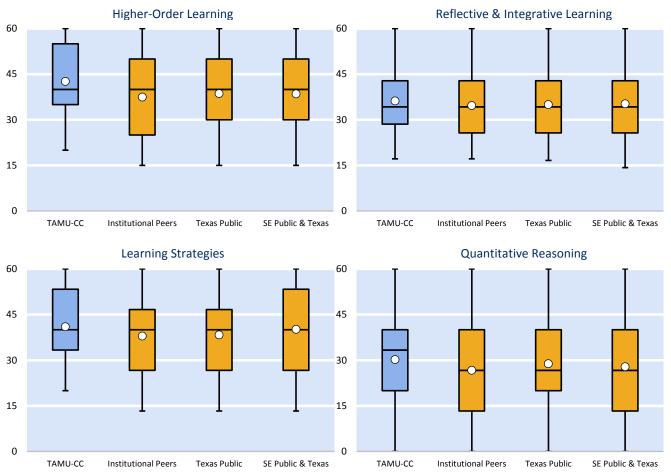
#### **Academic Challenge: First-year students**

Challenging intellectual and creative work is central to student learning and collegiate quality. Colleges and universities promote student learning by challenging and supporting them to engage in various forms of deep learning. Four Engagement Indicators are part of this theme: *Higher-Order Learning, Reflective & Integrative Learning, Learning Strategies,* and *Quantitative Reasoning.* Below and on the next page are three views of your results alongside those of your comparison groups.

Mean Comparisons		Your f	first-year students compared	with
	TAMU-CC	Institutional Peers Effect	Texas Public Effect	SE Public & Texas Effect
Engagement Indicator	Mean	Mean size	Mean size	Mean size
Higher-Order Learning	42.6	37.5 *** .35	38.6 *** .28	38.5 *** .28
Reflective & Integrative Learning	36.2	34.7 .12	35.0 .09	35.2 .07
Learning Strategies	41.0	38.0 ** .21	38.3 ** .19	40.2 .06
Quantitative Reasoning	30.2	26.7 ** .21	28.9 .08	27.9 * .14

Notes: Results weighted by institution-reported sex and enrollment status (and institution size for comparison groups); Effect size: Mean difference divided by pooled standard deviation; Symbols on the Overview page are based on effect size and p before rounding; \*p < .05, \*\*p < .01, \*\*\*p < .001 (2-tailed).

#### **Score Distributions**



Notes: Each box-and-whiskers chart plots the 5th (bottom of lower bar), 25th (bottom of box), 50th (middle line), 75th (top of box), and 95th (top of upper bar) percentile scores. The dot represents the mean score. Refer to Detailed Statistics for your institution's sample sizes.



Academic Challenge

**Texas A&M University - Corpus Christi** 

### Academic Challenge: First-year students (continued)

#### **Summary of Indicator Items**

Higher-Order Learning	TAMU-CC	Institutional Peers	Texas Public	SE Public & Texas
Percentage responding "Very much" or "Quite a bit" about how much coursework emphasized	%	%	%	%
4b. Applying facts, theories, or methods to practical problems or new situations	76	68	72	70
4c. Analyzing an idea, experience, or line of reasoning in depth by examining its parts	78	66	71	69
4d. Evaluating a point of view, decision, or information source	77	67	67	69
4e. Forming a new idea or understanding from various pieces of information	75	64	69	67
Reflective & Integrative Learning				
Percentage of students who responded that they "Very often" or "Often"				
2a. Combined ideas from different courses when completing assignments	61	52	53	54
2b. Connected your learning to societal problems or issues	52	50	49	50
<ol> <li>Included diverse perspectives (political, religious, racial/ethnic, gender, etc.) in course discussions or assignments</li> </ol>	57	49	48	50
2d. Examined the strengths and weaknesses of your own views on a topic or issue	63	60	62	62
2e. Tried to better understand someone else's views by imagining how an issue looks from his or her perspective	67	65	67	67
2f. Learned something that changed the way you understand an issue or concept	61	62	62	63
2g. Connected ideas from your courses to your prior experiences and knowledge	75	73	74	74
Learning Strategies				
Percentage of students who responded that they "Very often" or "Often"				
9a. Identified key information from reading assignments	83	76	78	78
9b. Reviewed your notes after class	72	63	64	69
9c. Summarized what you learned in class or from course materials	65	59	59	65
Quantitative Reasoning				
Percentage of students who responded that they "Very often" or "Often"				
6a. Reached conclusions based on your own analysis of numerical information (numbers, graphs, statistics, etc.)	58	49	56	53
<ul> <li>6b. Used numerical information to examine a real-world problem or issue (unemployment, climate change, public health, etc.)</li> </ul>	49	37	40	39
6c. Evaluated what others have concluded from numerical information	49	35	41	38



**Academic Challenge** 

#### **Texas A&M University - Corpus Christi**

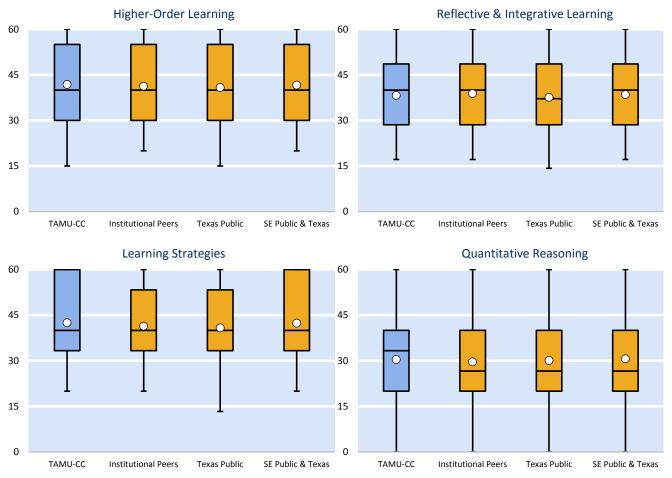
#### **Academic Challenge: Seniors**

Challenging intellectual and creative work is central to student learning and collegiate quality. Colleges and universities promote student learning by challenging and supporting them to engage in various forms of deep learning. Four Engagement Indicators are part of this theme: *Higher-Order Learning, Reflective & Integrative Learning, Learning Strategies,* and *Quantitative Reasoning.* Below and on the next page are three views of your results alongside those of your comparison groups.

Mean Comparisons				Your seniors co	mpared with		
	TAMU-CC	Institutio	Institutional Peers Effect		Texas Public Effect		lic & Texas Effect
Engagement Indicator	Mean	Mean	size	Mean	size	Mean	size
Higher-Order Learning	41.8	41.2	.04	40.8	.06	41.6	.01
Reflective & Integrative Learning	38.2	38.8	04	37.6	.05	38.5	02
Learning Strategies	42.5	41.3	.08	40.8	.11	42.3	.01
Quantitative Reasoning	30.4	29.6	.05	30.1	.02	30.6	01

Notes: Results weighted by institution-reported sex and enrollment status (and institution size for comparison groups); Effect size: Mean difference divided by pooled standard deviation; Symbols on the Overview page are based on effect size and p before rounding; \*p < .05, \*\*p < .01, \*\*\*p < .001 (2-tailed).

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Academic Challenge

**Texas A&M University - Corpus Christi** 

### Academic Challenge: Seniors (continued)

#### **Summary of Indicator Items**

Higher-Order Learning	TAMU-CC	Institutional Peers	Texas Public	SE Public & Texas
Percentage responding "Very much" or "Quite a bit" about how much coursework emphasized	%	%	%	%
4b. Applying facts, theories, or methods to practical problems or new situations	79	80	79	80
4c. Analyzing an idea, experience, or line of reasoning in depth by examining its parts	78	76	77	77
4d. Evaluating a point of view, decision, or information source	72	72	70	72
4e. Forming a new idea or understanding from various pieces of information	71	73	72	73
Reflective & Integrative Learning				
Percentage of students who responded that they "Very often" or "Often"				
2a. Combined ideas from different courses when completing assignments	70	72	69	72
2b. Connected your learning to societal problems or issues	63	62	59	62
<ol> <li>Included diverse perspectives (political, religious, racial/ethnic, gender, etc.) in course discussions or assignments</li> </ol>	51	54	49	52
2d. Examined the strengths and weaknesses of your own views on a topic or issue	65	66	64	65
2e. Tried to better understand someone else's views by imagining how an issue looks from his or her perspective	69	71	69	70
2f. Learned something that changed the way you understand an issue or concept	69	69	69	68
2g. Connected ideas from your courses to your prior experiences and knowledge	82	84	82	83
Learning Strategies				
Percentage of students who responded that they "Very often" or "Often"				
9a. Identified key information from reading assignments	85	82	82	83
9b. Reviewed your notes after class	69	67	67	70
9c. Summarized what you learned in class or from course materials	68	68	67	71
Quantitative Reasoning				
Percentage of students who responded that they "Very often" or "Often"				
6a. Reached conclusions based on your own analysis of numerical information (numbers, graphs, statistics, etc.)	57	53	56	57
<ol> <li>Used numerical information to examine a real-world problem or issue (unemployment, climate change, public health, etc.)</li> </ol>	51	43	45	46
6c. Evaluated what others have concluded from numerical information	45	43	44	45



**Learning with Peers** 

**Texas A&M University - Corpus Christi** 

#### **Learning with Peers: First-year students**

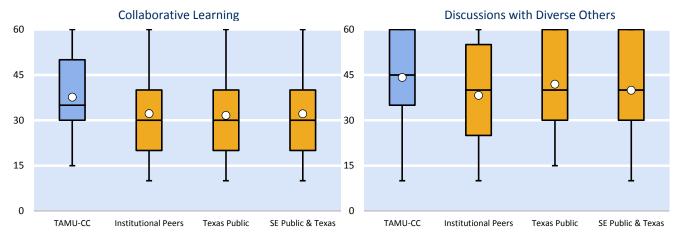
Collaborating with others in mastering difficult material and developing interpersonal and social competence prepare students to deal with complex, unscripted problems they will encounter during and after college. Two Engagement Indicators make up this theme: *Collaborative Learning* and *Discussions with Diverse Others*. Below are three views of your results alongside those of your comparison groups.

#### **Mean Comparisons**

viean comparisons		Your first-year students compared with					
	TAMU-CC	Institutional Peers Effect	Texas Public Effect	SE Public & Texas Effect			
Engagement Indicator	Mean	Mean size	Mean size	Mean size			
Collaborative Learning	37.6	32.1 *** .39	31.6 *** .42	32.1 *** .38			
Discussions with Diverse Others	44.1	38.2 *** .36	41.9 .14	39.9 *** .25			

Notes: Results weighted by institution-reported sex and enrollment status (and institution size for comparison groups); Effect size: Mean difference divided by pooled standard deviation; Symbols on the Overview page are based on effect size and p before rounding; \*p < .05, \*\*p < .01, \*\*\*p < .001 (2-tailed).

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#### **Summary of Indicator Items**

		Institutional		SE Public &
Collaborative Learning	TAMU-CC	Peers	Texas Public	Texas
Percentage of students who responded that they "Very often" or "Often"	%	%	%	%
1e. Asked another student to help you understand course material	58	53	49	50
1f. Explained course material to one or more students	64	56	56	57
1g. Prepared for exams by discussing or working through course material with other students	65	45	47	49
1h. Worked with other students on course projects or assignments	71	53	50	51
Discussions with Diverse Others				
Percentage of students who responded that they "Very often" or "Often" had discussions with				
8a. People from a race or ethnicity other than your own	82	67	77	71
8b. People from an economic background other than your own	81	68	74	71
8c. People with religious beliefs other than your own	75	63	71	66
8d. People with political views other than your own	74	62	68	67



**Learning with Peers** 

**Texas A&M University - Corpus Christi** 

#### **Learning with Peers: Seniors**

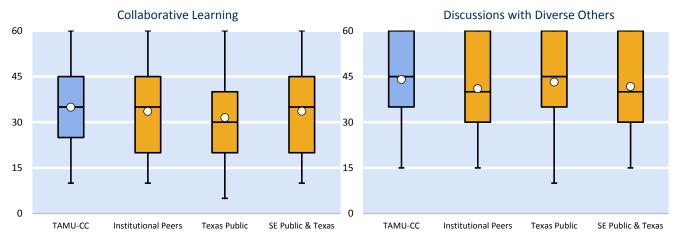
Collaborating with others in mastering difficult material and developing interpersonal and social competence prepare students to deal with complex, unscripted problems they will encounter during and after college. Two Engagement Indicators make up this theme: *Collaborative Learning* and *Discussions with Diverse Others*. Below are three views of your results alongside those of your comparison groups.

#### **Mean Comparisons**

viean comparisons		Your seniors compared with						
	TAMU-CC	Institutional Peers Effect		Texas Public Effect		SE Public & Texa Effec		
Engagement Indicator	Mean	Mean	size	Mean	size	Mean	size	
Collaborative Learning	34.9	33.5	.09	31.5 ***	.22	33.6	.09	
Discussions with Diverse Others	44.0	41.0 **	.18	43.2	.05	41.7 *	.14	

Notes: Results weighted by institution-reported sex and enrollment status (and institution size for comparison groups); Effect size: Mean difference divided by pooled standard deviation; Symbols on the Overview page are based on effect size and p before rounding; \*p < .05, \*\*p < .01, \*\*\*p < .001 (2-tailed).

#### **Score Distributions**



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#### **Summary of Indicator Items**

		Institutional		SE Public &
Collaborative Learning	TAMU-CC	Peers	Texas Public	Texas
Percentage of students who responded that they "Very often" or "Often"	%	%	%	%
1e. Asked another student to help you understand course material	42	44	41	44
1f. Explained course material to one or more students	63	61	55	60
1g. Prepared for exams by discussing or working through course material with other students	52	47	45	50
1h. Worked with other students on course projects or assignments	74	65	60	64
Discussions with Diverse Others				
Percentage of students who responded that they "Very often" or "Often" had discussions with				
8a. People from a race or ethnicity other than your own	82	72	79	73
8b. People from an economic background other than your own	78	73	76	75
8c. People with religious beliefs other than your own	75	67	74	69
8d. People with political views other than your own	76	69	72	71



Experiences with Faculty

**Texas A&M University - Corpus Christi** 

#### **Experiences with Faculty: First-year students**

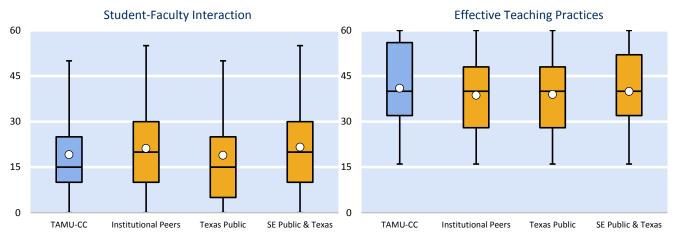
Students learn firsthand how experts think about and solve problems by interacting with faculty members inside and outside of instructional settings. As a result, faculty become role models, mentors, and guides for lifelong learning. In addition, effective teaching requires that faculty deliver course material and provide feedback in student-centered ways. Two Engagement Indicators investigate this theme: *Student-Faculty Interaction* and *Effective Teaching Practices*. Below are three views of your results alongside those of your comparison groups.

#### **Mean Comparisons**

		Your first-year students compared with						
	TAMU-CC	Institutional Peers		Texas I	Texas Public		c & Texas	
			Effect		Effect		Effect	
Engagement Indicator	Mean	Mean	size	Mean	size	Mean	size	
Student-Faculty Interaction	19.1	21.2	13	18.9	.02	21.6 *	16	
Effective Teaching Practices	40.9	38.6 *	.17	38.9 *	.15	39.9	.07	

Notes: Results weighted by institution-reported sex and enrollment status (and institution size for comparison groups); Effect size: Mean difference divided by pooled standard deviation; Symbols on the Overview page are based on effect size and p before rounding; \*p < .05, \*\*p < .01, \*\*\*p < .001 (2-tailed).

#### **Score Distributions**



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#### **Summary of Indicator Items**

		Institutional		SE Public &
Student-Faculty Interaction	TAMU-CC	Peers	Texas Public	Texas
Percentage of students who responded that they "Very often" or "Often"	%	%	%	%
3a. Talked about career plans with a faculty member	23	33	30	36
3b. Worked w/faculty on activities other than coursework (committees, student groups, etc.)	19	21	18	22
3c. Discussed course topics, ideas, or concepts with a faculty member outside of class	27	26	23	28
3d. Discussed your academic performance with a faculty member	23	32	26	33
Effective Teaching Practices				
Percentage responding "Very much" or "Quite a bit" about how much instructors have				
5a. Clearly explained course goals and requirements	81	77	80	79
5b. Taught course sessions in an organized way	77	74	78	77
5c. Used examples or illustrations to explain difficult points	72	71	76	74
5d. Provided feedback on a draft or work in progress	67	64	58	65
5e. Provided prompt and detailed feedback on tests or completed assignments	65	59	56	62



Experiences with Faculty

**Texas A&M University - Corpus Christi** 

#### **Experiences with Faculty: Seniors**

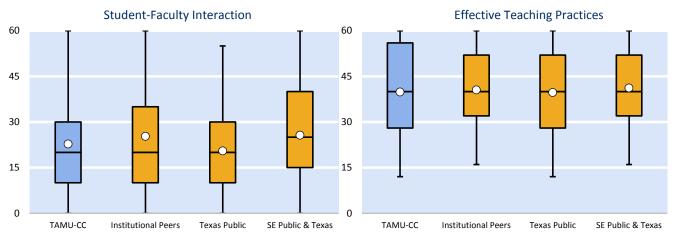
Students learn firsthand how experts think about and solve problems by interacting with faculty members inside and outside of instructional settings. As a result, faculty become role models, mentors, and guides for lifelong learning. In addition, effective teaching requires that faculty deliver course material and provide feedback in student-centered ways. Two Engagement Indicators investigate this theme: *Student-Faculty Interaction* and *Effective Teaching Practices*. Below are three views of your results alongside those of your comparison groups.

#### **Mean Comparisons**

and companisons				Your seniors cor	npared with			
	TAMU-CC	Institutio	nal Peers	Texas F	Public	SE Public	& Texas	
			Effect		Effect		Effect	
Engagement Indicator	Mean	Mean	size	Mean	size	Mean	size	
Student-Faculty Interaction	22.7	25.3 *	15	20.5 *	.14	25.6 **	17	
Effective Teaching Practices	39.8	40.5	05	39.7	.01	41.1	09	

Notes: Results weighted by institution-reported sex and enrollment status (and institution size for comparison groups); Effect size: Mean difference divided by pooled standard deviation; Symbols on the Overview page are based on effect size and p before rounding; \*p < .05, \*\*p < .01, \*\*\*p < .001 (2-tailed).

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#### **Summary of Indicator Items**

		Institutional		SE Public &
Student-Faculty Interaction	TAMU-CC	Peers	Texas Public	Texas
Percentage of students who responded that they "Very often" or "Often"	%	%	%	%
3a. Talked about career plans with a faculty member	40	44	35	46
3b. Worked w/faculty on activities other than coursework (committees, student groups, etc.)	22	29	22	30
3c. Discussed course topics, ideas, or concepts with a faculty member outside of class	31	36	28	37
3d. Discussed your academic performance with a faculty member	34	39	27	39
Effective Teaching Practices				
Percentage responding "Very much" or "Quite a bit" about how much instructors have				
5a. Clearly explained course goals and requirements	73	79	81	81
5b. Taught course sessions in an organized way	75	77	78	78
5c. Used examples or illustrations to explain difficult points	77	78	77	78
5d. Provided feedback on a draft or work in progress	60	63	56	63
5e. Provided prompt and detailed feedback on tests or completed assignments	65	66	63	68



**Campus Environment** 

**Texas A&M University - Corpus Christi** 

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#### **Campus Environment: First-year students**

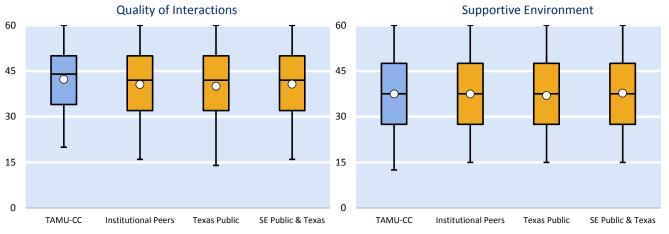
Students benefit and are more satisfied in supportive settings that cultivate positive relationships among students, faculty, and staff. Two Engagement Indicators investigate this theme: Quality of Interactions and Supportive Environment. Below are three views of your results alongside those of your comparison groups.

#### Mean Comparisons

ican companisons			Your	first-year stuaer	its comparea	with		
	TAMU-CC	Institutio	onal Peers	Texas	Public	SE Pub	lic & Texas	
			Effect		Effect		Effect	
Engagement Indicator	Mean	Mean	size	Mean	size	Mean	size	
Quality of Interactions	42.2	40.6	.13	40.0 *	.17	40.7	.12	
Supportive Environment	37.5	37.5	.00	36.9	.04	37.7	02	

Notes: Results weighted by institution-reported sex and enrollment status (and institution size for comparison groups); Effect size: Mean difference divided by pooled standard deviation; Symbols on the Overview page are based on effect size and p before rounding; \*p < .05, \*\*p < .01, \*\*\*p < .01 (2-tailed).

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#### **Summary of Indicator Items**

Summary of Indicator Items		Institutional		SE Public &
Quality of Interactions	TAMU-CC	Peers	Texas Public	Texas
Percentage rating a 6 or 7 on a scale from $l="Poor"$ to $7="Excellent"$ their interactions with	%	%	%	%
13a. Students	63	55	53	55
13b. Academic advisors	51	49	44	49
13c. Faculty	57	48	44	48
13d. Student services staff (career services, student activities, housing, etc.)	44	45	43	43
13e. Other administrative staff and offices (registrar, financial aid, etc.)	51	37	38	40
Supportive Environment				
Percentage responding "Very much" or "Quite a bit" about how much the institution emphasized				
14b. Providing support to help students succeed academically	77	77	74	76
14c. Using learning support services (tutoring services, writing center, etc.)	78	76	75	78
14d. Encouraging contact among students from diff. backgrounds (soc., racial/eth., relig., etc.)	59	55	62	59
14e. Providing opportunities to be involved socially	69	74	71	73
14f. Providing support for your overall well-being (recreation, health care, counseling, etc.)	75	72	71	73
14g. Helping you manage your non-academic responsibilities (work, family, etc.)	49	45	45	46
14h. Attending campus activities and events (performing arts, athletic events, etc.)	61	69	67	70
14i. Attending events that address important social, economic, or political issues	52	54	51	55



**Campus Environment** 

#### **Texas A&M University - Corpus Christi**

#### **Campus Environment: Seniors**

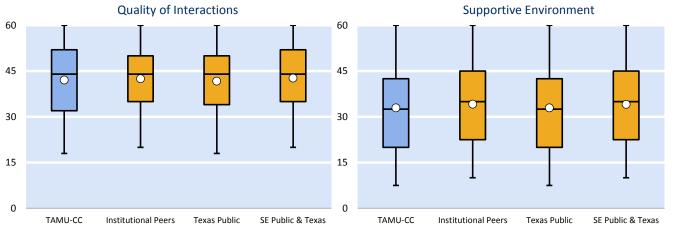
Students benefit and are more satisfied in supportive settings that cultivate positive relationships among students, faculty, and staff. Two Engagement Indicators investigate this theme: Quality of Interactions and Supportive Environment. Below are three views of your results alongside those of your comparison groups.

#### Mean Comparisons

lean Comparisons				Your seniors co	ompared with			
	TAMU-CC	Institutio	Institutional Peers Effect		Public Effect	SE Pub	lic & Texas Effect	
Engagement Indicator	Mean	Mean	size	Mean	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,		size	
Quality of Interactions	42.0	42.5	04	41.7	.03	42.7	05	
Supportive Environment	32.9	34.1	08	32.9	.00	34.1	08	

Notes: Results weighted by institution-reported sex and enrollment status (and institution size for comparison groups); Effect size: Mean difference divided by pooled standard deviation; Symbols on the Overview page are based on effect size and p before rounding; \*p < .05, \*\*p < .01, \*\*\*p < .01 (2-tailed).

#### **Score Distributions**



Notes: Each box-and-whiskers chart plots the 5th (bottom of lower bar), 25th (bottom of box), 50th (middle line), 75th (top of box), and 95th (top of upper bar) percentile scores. The dot represents the mean score. Refer to Detailed Statistics for your institution's sample sizes.

#### Summary of Indicator Items

Summary of multator items		Institutional		SE Public &
Quality of Interactions	TAMU-CC	Peers	Texas Public	Texas
Percentage rating a 6 or 7 on a scale from 1="Poor" to 7="Excellent" their interactions with	%	%	%	%
13a. Students	55	63	62	63
13b. Academic advisors	50	53	50	56
13c. Faculty	57	59	56	60
13d. Student services staff (career services, student activities, housing, etc.)	47	43	43	44
13e. Other administrative staff and offices (registrar, financial aid, etc.)	50	39	42	41
Supportive Environment				
Percentage responding "Very much" or "Quite a bit" about how much the institution emphasized				
14b. Providing support to help students succeed academically	76	71	69	72
14c. Using learning support services (tutoring services, writing center, etc.)	73	68	65	66
14d. Encouraging contact among students from diff. backgrounds (soc., racial/eth., relig., etc.)	55	54	56	53
14e. Providing opportunities to be involved socially	65	68	64	68
14f. Providing support for your overall well-being (recreation, health care, counseling, etc.)	61	64	60	64
14g. Helping you manage your non-academic responsibilities (work, family, etc.)	34	35	33	36
14h. Attending campus activities and events (performing arts, athletic events, etc.)	51	60	57	61
14i. Attending events that address important social, economic, or political issues	40	48	44	49

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### **NSSE 2015 Engagement Indicators**

Comparisons with High-Performing Institutions Texas A&M University - Corpus Christi

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#### Comparisons with Top 50% and Top 10% Institutions

While NSSE's policy is not to rank institutions (see **nsse.indiana.edu/html/position\_policies.cfm**), the results below are designed to compare the engagement of your students with those attending two groups of institutions identified by NSSE<sup>a</sup> for their high average levels of student engagement:

(a) institutions with average scores placing them in the top 50% of all 2014 and 2015 NSSE institutions, and

(b) institutions with average scores placing them in the top 10% of all 2014 and 2015 NSSE institutions.

While the average scores for most institutions are below the mean for the top 50% or top 10%, your institution may show areas of distinction where your average student was as engaged as (or even more engaged than) the typical student at high-performing institutions. A check mark ( $\checkmark$ ) signifies those comparisons where your average score was at least comparable<sup>b</sup> to that of the high-performing group. However, the presence of a check mark does not necessarily mean that your institution was a member of that group.

It should be noted that most of the variability in student engagement is within, not between, institutions. Even "high-performing" institutions have students with engagement levels below the average for all institutions.

First-Year	Students			Your first-ye	ar stude	ents compared with	า	
		TAMU-CC	NSSE T	op 50%		NSSE T	op 10%	
Theme	Engagement Indicator	Mean	Mean	Effect size	$\checkmark$	Mean	Effect size	$\checkmark$
	Higher-Order Learning	42.6	41.0	.12	$\checkmark$	43.0	03	$\checkmark$
Academic	Reflective and Integrative Learning	36.2	37.6	11		39.6 ***	27	
Challenge	Learning Strategies	41.0	41.6	04	$\checkmark$	44.4 ***	24	
	Quantitative Reasoning	30.2	29.4	.05	$\checkmark$	31.5	08	$\checkmark$
Learning	Collaborative Learning	37.6	35.1 **	.18	✓	37.3	.02	1
with Peers	Discussions with Diverse Others	44.1	43.3	.05	√	45.6	10	$\checkmark$
Experiences	Student-Faculty Interaction	19.1	24.0 ***	32		27.2 ***	50	
with Faculty	Effective Teaching Practices	40.9	42.3	11		44.6 ***	28	
Campus	Quality of Interactions	42.2	44.0 *	15		45.8 ***	30	
Environment	Supportive Environment	37.5	39.4 *	15		41.3 ***	29	

seniors				Your senio	<b>rs</b> compared with		
		TAMU-CC	NSSE T	op 50%	NSSE T	op 10%	
Theme	Engagement Indicator	Mean	Mean	Effect size 🖌	Mean	Effect size	✓
	Higher-Order Learning	41.8	43.5	12	45.3 ***	26	
Academic	Reflective and Integrative Learning	38.2	41.3 ***	24	43.1 ***	39	
Challenge	Learning Strategies	42.5	42.5	.00 🗸	44.8 **	17	
	Quantitative Reasoning	30.4	31.8	08 √	33.6 ***	19	
Learning	Collaborative Learning	34.9	35.7	05 🗸	38.2 ***	24	
with Peers	Discussions with Diverse Others	44.0	43.9	<b>.</b> 00 √	45.9 *	12	
Experiences	Student-Faculty Interaction	22.7	29.8 ***	43	34.1 ***	69	
with Faculty	Effective Teaching Practices	39.8	43.1 ***	24	45.1 ***	39	
Campus	Quality of Interactions	42.0	45.0 ***	26	46.7 ***	40	
Environment	Supportive Environment	32.9	36.1 ***	23	38.8 ***	42	

Notes: Results weighted by institution-reported sex and enrollment status (and institution size for comparison groups); Effect size: Mean difference divided by the pooled standard deviation; \*p < .05, \*\*p < .01, \*\*\*p < .001 (2-tailed).

a. Precision-weighted means (produced by Hierarchical Linear Modeling) were used to determine the top 50% and top 10% institutions for each Engagement Indicator from all NSSE 2014 and 2015 institutions, separately for first-year and senior students. Using this method, Engagement Indicator scores of institutions with relatively large standard errors were adjusted toward the mean of all students, while those with smaller standard errors received smaller corrections. As a result, schools with less stable data—even those with high average scores—may not be among the top scorers. NSSE does not publish the names of the top 50% and top 10% institutions because of our commitment not to release institutional results and our policy against ranking institutions.

b. Check marks are assigned to comparisons that are either significant and positive, or non-significant with an effect size > -.10.



**Detailed Statistics**<sup>a</sup>

Texas A&M University - Corpus Christi

#### **Detailed Statistics: First-Year Students**

Detailed Statistics. Thist	icui	Jui										
	Mea	n statist	ics		Perce	ntile <sup>d</sup> sco	ores			mparison	results	
	Mean	SD <sup>b</sup>	SEM <sup>c</sup>	5th	25th	50th	75th	95th	Deg. of freedom <sup>e</sup>	Mean diff.	Sig. <sup>f</sup>	Effect size <sup>g</sup>
Academic Challenge		-	-						,	. ,,	- 5	
Higher-Order Learning												
TAMU-CC $(N = 229)$	42.6	13.9	.92	20	35	40	55	60				
Institutional Peers	37.5	14.7	.39	15	25	40	50	60	1,656	5.1	.000	.352
Texas Public	38.6	14.4	.25	15	30	40	50	60	3,658	4.0	.000	.280
SE Public & Texas	38.5	14.8	.18	15	30	40	50	60	7,335	4.1	.000	.277
Top 50%	41.0	13.7	.06	20	30	40	50	60	61,125	1.7	.068	.121
Top 10%	43.0	13.8	.13	20	35	40	55	60	12,277	4	.638	031
Reflective & Integrative Learnin	g											
TAMU-CC (N = $244$ )	36.2	12.6	.81	17	29	34	43	60				
Institutional Peers	34.7	13.1	.34	17	26	34	43	60	1,754	1.5	.090	.117
Texas Public	35.0	12.9	.22	17	26	34	43	60	3,851	1.2	.159	.093
SE Public & Texas	35.2	13.3	.15	14	26	34	43	60	7,703	.9	.273	.071
Top 50%	37.6	12.7	.05	17	29	37	46	60	65,420	-1.4	.080	112
Top 10%	39.6	12.8	.11	20	31	40	49	60	13,340	-3.4	.000	266
Learning Strategies												
TAMU-CC (N = 217)	41.0	14.1	.96	20	33	40	53	60				
Institutional Peers	38.0	14.8	.41	13	27	40	47	60	1,522	3.1	.005	.208
Texas Public	38.3	14.4	.26	13	27	40	47	60	3,331	2.7	.008	.186
SE Public & Texas	40.2	14.6	.18	13	27	40	53	60	6,751	.9	.398	.058
Top 50%	41.6	14.1	.06	20	33	40	53	60	54,950	6	.543	041
Top 10%	44.4	14.0	.13	20	33	47	60	60	12,658	-3.4	.000	242
Quantitative Reasoning												
TAMU-CC (N = $232$ )	30.2	17.2	1.13	0	20	33	40	60				
Institutional Peers	26.7	16.5	.43	0	13	27	40	60	1,688	3.5	.003	.211
Texas Public	28.9	16.7	.28	0	20	27	40	60	3,759	1.3	.235	.081
SE Public & Texas	27.9	17.3	.20	0	13	27	40	60	7,462	2.4	.041	.136
Top 50%	29.4	16.6	.06	0	20	27	40	60	80,382	.8	.446	.050
Top 10%	31.5	16.5	.13	0	20	33	40	60	15,915	-1.3	.229	080
Learning with Peers												
Collaborative Learning												
TAMU-CC (N = $257$ )	37.6	13.9	.86	15	30	35	50	60				
Institutional Peers	32.1	13.9	.35	10	20	30	40	60	1,820	5.5	.000	.392
Texas Public	31.6	14.4	.23	10	20	30	40	60	4,065	6.0	.000	.420
SE Public & Texas	32.1	14.6	.17	10	20	30	40	60	7,946	5.5	.000	.378
Top 50%	35.1	13.8	.05	15	25	35	45	60	73,659	2.5	.004	.179
Top 10%	37.3	13.8	.11	15	25	35	50	60	16,213	.3	.700	.024
Discussions with Diverse Others		160	1.10	10								
TAMU-CC (N = 222)	44.1	16.3	1.10	10	35	45	60	60	1	<i>c</i> 0	000	0.00
Institutional Peers	38.2	16.4	.45	10	25	40	55	60	1,555	6.0	.000	.362
Texas Public	41.9	16.3	.29	15	30	40	60	60	3,381	2.2	.050	.136
SE Public & Texas	39.9	16.9	.21	10	30	40	60	60	6,838	4.3	.000	.252
Top 50%	43.3	15.4	.06	20	35	45	60	60	67,907	.8	.451	.051
Top 10%	45.6	14.8	.12	20	40	50	60	60	15,722	-1.4	.155	096



**Detailed Statistics**<sup>a</sup>

**Texas A&M University - Corpus Christi** 

#### **Detailed Statistics: First-Year Students**

	Mea	in statist	ics	Percentile <sup>d</sup> scores				Co	mparison	son results			
									Deg. of	Mean		Effect	
	Mean	SD <sup>b</sup>	SEM <sup>c</sup>	5th	25th	50th	75th	95th	freedom <sup>e</sup>	diff.	Sig. <sup>f</sup>	size <sup>g</sup>	
Experiences with Faculty													
Student-Faculty Interaction													
TAMU-CC (N = $237$ )	19.1	14.8	.96	0	10	15	25	50					
Institutional Peers	21.2	15.4	.40	0	10	20	30	55	1,707	-2.0	.057	133	
Texas Public	18.9	15.0	.25	0	5	15	25	50	3,776	.2	.807	.016	
SE Public & Texas	21.6	15.8	.19	0	10	20	30	55	7,521	-2.5	.017	158	
Top 50%	24.0	15.2	.07	0	15	20	35	55	42,666	-4.9	.000	324	
Top 10%	27.2	16.1	.19	5	15	25	40	60	255	-8.1	.000	505	
Effective Teaching Practices													
TAMU-CC (N = 239)	40.9	14.7	.95	16	32	40	56	60					
Institutional Peers	38.6	13.8	.36	16	28	40	48	60	1,707	2.3	.018	.165	
Texas Public	38.9	13.7	.23	16	28	40	48	60	3,800	2.0	.028	.147	
SE Public & Texas	39.9	13.9	.16	16	32	40	52	60	7,554	1.0	.262	.074	
Top 50%	42.3	13.2	.06	20	32	40	52	60	240	-1.4	.145	106	
Top 10%	44.6	13.3	.14	20	36	44	56	60	248	-3.7	.000	277	
Campus Environment													
Quality of Interactions													
TAMU-CC $(N = 209)$	42.2	12.7	.88	20	34	44	50	60					
Institutional Peers	40.6	12.7	.36	16	32	42	50	60	1,466	1.7	.080	.131	
Texas Public	40.0	13.3	.24	14	32	42	50	60	3,235	2.3	.017	.170	
SE Public & Texas	40.7	13.3	.17	16	32	42	50	60	6,554	1.5	.096	.117	
Top 50%	44.0	11.7	.06	22	38	46	52	60	210	-1.8	.045	152	
Top 10%	45.8	11.9	.12	23	40	48	55	60	217	-3.6	.000	305	
Supportive Environment													
TAMU-CC (N = $204$ )	37.5	14.3	1.00	13	28	38	48	60					
Institutional Peers	37.5	14.2	.41	15	28	38	48	60	1,410	.0	.988	.001	
Texas Public	36.9	14.1	.26	15	28	38	48	60	3,045	.5	.604	.038	
SE Public & Texas	37.7	14.4	.19	15	28	38	48	60	6,165	2	.826	016	
Top 50%	39.4	13.4	.06	18	30	40	50	60	54,169	-2.0	.036	147	
Top 10%	41.3	13.0	.12	20	33	40	53	60	12,022	-3.8	.000	295	

a. Results weighted by institution-reported sex and enrollment status (and institutional size for comparison groups).

b. Standard deviation is a measure of the amount the individual scores deviate from the mean of all the scores in the distribution.

c. Standard error of the mean, used to compute a confidence interval (CI) around the sample mean. For example, the 95% CI (equal to the sample mean +/- 1.96 x SEM)

is the range that is 95% likely to contain the true population mean.

d. A percentile is the point in the distribution of student-level EI scores at or below which a given percentage of EI scores fall.

e. Degrees of freedom used to compute the t-tests. Values vary from the total Ns due to weighting and whether equal variances were assumed.

f. Statistical significance represents the probability that the difference between the mean of your institution and that of the comparison group occurred by chance.

g. Effect size is the mean difference divided by the pooled standard deviation.



**Detailed Statistics**<sup>a</sup>

### Texas A&M University - Corpus Christi

#### **Detailed Statistics: Seniors**

	Mea	n statist	ics		Percei	ntile <sup>d</sup> sco	ores			mparison	results	
	Mean	SD <sup>b</sup>	SEM <sup>c</sup>	5th	25th	50th	75th	95th	Deg. of freedom <sup>e</sup>	Mean diff.	Sig. <sup>f</sup>	Effect size <sup>g</sup>
Academic Challenge	weam	50	SEM	501	2500	50111	7501	550	Jiecuom	uŋj.	Sig.	5120
Higher-Order Learning												
TAMU-CC $(N = 304)$	41.8	15.1	.87	15	30	40	55	60				
Institutional Peers	41.2	14.4	.30	20	30	40	55	60	2,667	.6	.530	.038
Texas Public	40.8	14.9	.17	15	30	40	55	60	8,402	1.0	.270	.064
SE Public & Texas	41.6	14.6	.14	20	30	40	55	60	10,677	.2	.814	.014
Top 50%	43.5	13.8	.05	20	35	40	55	60	305	-1.7	.052	123
Top 10%	45.3	13.6	.10	20	40	45	60	60	310	-3.5	.000	25
Reflective & Integrative Learnir	ng											
TAMU-CC $(N = 309)$	38.2	13.3	.76	17	29	40	49	60				
Institutional Peers	38.8	13.2	.27	17	29	40	49	60	2,777	6	.466	044
Texas Public	37.6	13.7	.15	14	29	37	49	60	8,757	.6	.436	.045
SE Public & Texas	38.5	13.2	.13	17	29	40	49	60	11,089	3	.726	020
Top 50%	41.3	12.7	.05	20	31	40	51	60	73,949	-3.0	.000	239
Top 10%	43.1	12.5	.09	20	34	43	54	60	18,552	-4.9	.000	38
Learning Strategies												
TAMU-CC $(N = 284)$	42.5	14.6	.87	20	33	40	60	60				
Institutional Peers	41.3	14.8	.31	20	33	40	53	60	2,491	1.1	.223	.07
Texas Public	40.8	15.1	.18	13	33	40	53	60	7,666	1.7	.061	.11
SE Public & Texas	42.3	14.7	.15	20	33	40	60	60	9,980	.1	.875	.00
Top 50%	42.5	14.6	.05	20	33	40	60	60	93,372	.0	.998	.00
Top 10%	44.8	14.2	.09	20	33	47	60	60	24,730	-2.4	.005	16
Quantitative Reasoning												
TAMU-CC $(N = 307)$	30.4	17.5	1.00	0	20	33	40	60				
Institutional Peers	29.6	17.6	.36	0	20	27	40	60	2,722	.8	.449	.040
Texas Public	30.1	17.7	.20	0	20	27	40	60	8,528	.3	.764	.017
SE Public & Texas	30.6	17.5	.17	0	20	27	40	60	10,852	2	.848	011
Top 50%	31.8	17.3	.05	0	20	33	40	60	124,410	-1.4	.172	078
Top 10%	33.6	16.9	.10	0	20	33	47	60	27,760	-3.2	.001	190
Learning with Peers												
Collaborative Learning												
TAMU-CC $(N = 323)$	34.9	14.2	.79	10	25	35	45	60				
Institutional Peers	33.5	14.9	.30	10	20	35	45	60	2,830	1.4	.113	.094
Texas Public	31.5	15.7	.17	5	20	30	40	60	351	3.4	.000	.219
SE Public & Texas	33.6	15.1	.14	10	20	35	45	60	11,245	1.3	.116	.089
Top 50%	35.7	13.9	.04	15	25	35	45	60	104,126	8	.328	054
Top 10%	38.2	13.7	.09	15	30	40	50	60	21,079	-3.2	.000	23
Discussions with Diverse Other			~~		<u>a-</u>			~^				
TAMU-CC $(N = 284)$	44.0	16.6	.99	15	35	45	60	60	±		~~ .	
Institutional Peers	41.0	16.5	.35	15	30	40	60	60	2,533	3.0	.004	.180
Texas Public	43.2	17.3	.20	10	35	45	60	60	7,789	.8	.423	.048
SE Public & Texas	41.7	16.6	.17	15	30	40	60	60	10,081	2.3	.023	.13
Top 50%	43.9	15.9	.05	20	35	45	60	60	119,551	.1	.936	.005
Top 10%	45.9	15.4	.09	20	40	50	60	60	28,943	-1.9	.037	125



**Detailed Statistics**<sup>a</sup>

#### **Texas A&M University - Corpus Christi**

#### **Detailed Statistics: Seniors**

	Mean statistics				Percentile <sup>d</sup> scores					Comparison results			
		SD <sup>b</sup>	SEM <sup>c</sup>	5th	25th	50th	75th	95th	Deg. of freedom <sup>e</sup>	Mean diff.	Sig. <sup>f</sup>	Effect size <sup>g</sup>	
	Mean												
Experiences with Faculty													
Student-Faculty Interaction													
TAMU-CC ( $N = 309$ )	22.7	16.2	.92	0	10	20	30	60					
Institutional Peers	25.3	17.1	.35	0	10	20	35	60	2,719	-2.5	.015	148	
Texas Public	20.5	16.4	.18	0	10	20	30	55	8,572	2.2	.018	.137	
SE Public & Texas	25.6	17.0	.17	0	15	25	40	60	10,843	-2.9	.003	170	
Top 50%	29.8	16.2	.07	5	20	30	40	60	48,017	-7.0	.000	432	
Top 10%	34.1	16.5	.20	5	20	35	45	60	7,361	-11.4	.000	688	
Effective Teaching Practices													
TAMU-CC (N = $308$ )	39.8	15.4	.88	12	28	40	56	60					
Institutional Peers	40.5	14.3	.29	16	32	40	52	60	2,748	7	.422	049	
Texas Public	39.7	14.8	.16	12	28	40	52	60	8,623	.2	.855	.011	
SE Public & Texas	41.1	14.4	.14	16	32	40	52	60	10,966	-1.3	.116	091	
Top 50%	43.1	13.6	.05	20	36	44	56	60	310	-3.2	.000	238	
Top 10%	45.1	13.4	.12	20	36	48	60	60	319	-5.3	.000	394	
Campus Environment													
Quality of Interactions													
TAMU-CC (N = 275)	42.0	13.1	.79	18	32	44	52	60					
Institutional Peers	42.5	11.9	.26	20	35	44	50	60	334	4	.598	036	
Texas Public	41.7	12.9	.16	18	34	44	50	60	7,208	.4	.658	.027	
SE Public & Texas	42.7	12.3	.13	20	35	44	52	60	9,706	6	.397	052	
Top 50%	45.0	11.4	.05	24	38	46	54	60	276	-3.0	.000	259	
Top 10%	46.7	11.8	.09	24	40	50	56	60	282	-4.7	.000	397	
Supportive Environment													
TAMU-CC $(N = 262)$	32.9	15.1	.94	8	20	33	43	60					
Institutional Peers	34.1	14.8	.32	10	23	35	45	60	2,367	-1.2	.231	079	
Texas Public	32.9	15.5	.19	8	20	33	43	60	7,144	.0	.995	.000	
SE Public & Texas	34.1	15.0	.16	10	23	35	45	60	9,455	-1.1	.229	075	
Top 50%	36.1	13.9	.05	13	26	38	45	60	262	-3.2	.001	227	
Top 10%	38.8	13.7	.12	15	30	40	50	60	269	-5.8	.000	425	

a. Results weighted by institution-reported sex and enrollment status (and institutional size for comparison groups).

b. Standard deviation is a measure of the amount the individual scores deviate from the mean of all the scores in the distribution.

c. Standard error of the mean, used to compute a confidence interval (CI) around the sample mean. For example, the 95% CI (equal to the sample mean +/- 1.96 x SEM)

is the range that is 95% likely to contain the true population mean.

d. A percentile is the point in the distribution of student-level EI scores at or below which a given percentage of EI scores fall.

e. Degrees of freedom used to compute the t-tests. Values vary from the total Ns due to weighting and whether equal variances were assumed.

f. Statistical significance represents the probability that the difference between the mean of your institution and that of the comparison group occurred by chance.

g. Effect size is the mean difference divided by the pooled standard deviation.